

Advanced Econometrics II

Homework Assignment No. 6

Deadline: 16.02.2015, 23:59

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Please submit your (typed) solution in a pdf file. **Please motivate all your answers.** For programming exercises (if there are any), the code has to be put, together with the main pdf solution file, in an archive file (e.g. zip or rar). Each code file shall contain your name, either as a comment or in its name.

Question 1

Consider the loglikelihood function

$$l(y, \beta) = \sum_{t=1}^n (y_t \log F(X_t \beta) + (1 - y_t) \log(1 - F(X_t \beta))) \quad (11.09)$$

for a **binary response model**. Its maximization is easy when this function is globally concave, as then the FOCs, in general, uniquely define the MLE.

(a) (*Global concavity*)

Show that the contribution made by observation t to (11.09), and hence (11.09) itself, is **globally concave** with respect to β if the function F is such that $F(-x) = 1 - F(x)$, and if F , its derivative f , and its second derivative f' satisfy the condition

$$f'(x)F(x) - f^2(x) < 0, \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}. \quad (11.88)$$

(b) Show that condition (11.88) is satisfied by the **logistic function** $\Lambda(\cdot)$, defined in

$$\Lambda(x) \equiv \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} = \frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}, \quad (11.07)$$

(c) Show that condition (11.88) is satisfied by and the standard normal CDF $\Phi(\cdot)$.

Question 2

Consider two basic models for **more than two discrete responses**: the multinomial logit model and the ordered probit model.

(a) (*Multinomial logit model*)

Consider the special case when the explanatory variables are the same for each choice, i.e. where

$$W_{tj} = X_t, \forall j.$$

Construct the the loglikelihood function. Discuss the identification problem and how to proceed with estimation in this case.

(b) (*Ordered probit model*)

Construct the the loglikelihood function. Discuss the identification problem and how to proceed with estimation in this case.

Question 3

Consider a count variable y_t , $t = 1, \dots, n$, with conditional mean

$$\mathbb{E}[y_t] = \exp(X_t\beta)$$

and conditional variance

$$\mathbb{E}[y_t - \exp(X_t\beta)] = \gamma 2 \exp X_t\beta.$$

We would like to apply the **Poisson regression model** for count data y , however we are rethinking this idea because of a possible **overdispersion** problem.

(a) (*Sources of overdispersion*)

Discuss what the overdispersion problem consists in and why it occurs in the Poisson model.

(b) (*Testing for overdispersion*)

Derive a possible test for overdispersion together with its asymptotic distribution.

(c) (*Asymptotic efficiency*)

Show that ML estimates of β under the incorrect assumption that y_t is generated by a Poisson regression model with mean $\exp(X_t\beta)$ are asymptotically efficient in this case.